Well Pad Design And Heavy Truck Freight Transport

Nick Tonias, P.E.







The CEDRA Corporation

- 1985 The CEDRA Corporation is established.
- 1987 CEDRA begins a long standing relationship with ESRI.
- 1993 CEDRA becomes an authorized ESRI Business Partner and Developer.

CEDRA offers engineering/GIS solutions in the form of software and services to governmental agencies, engineering consultants, tax assessors, oil companies and various utility enterprises.



The CEDRA Approach

- Develop ArcGIS and ArcGIS Server based problem-solving applications
- Utilize ArcGIS as the interface for graphical display, database interaction and data storage
- Desktop: VB6, .Net, Python
- Server: JavaScript, JQuery, HTML, CSS



Stuart asks how to perform



Setting Well Pad Elevations

"I seldom talk to humans but when I do I talk to this guy"



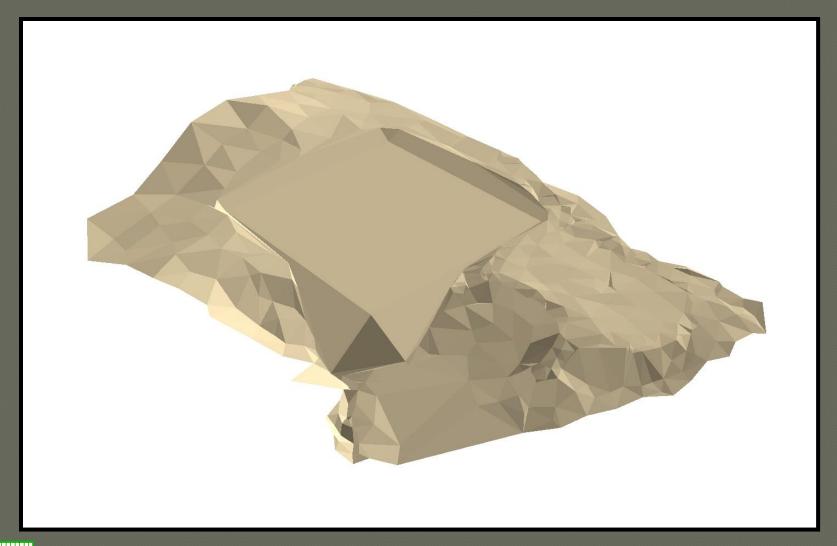
The Desired Goal

Given a Well Pad Surface with an Initial Control Elevation, change the Control Elevation by raising or lowering the elevation until the Cut and Fill volumes are within a user-specified tolerance within ArcGIS

"Balanced Earthwork"



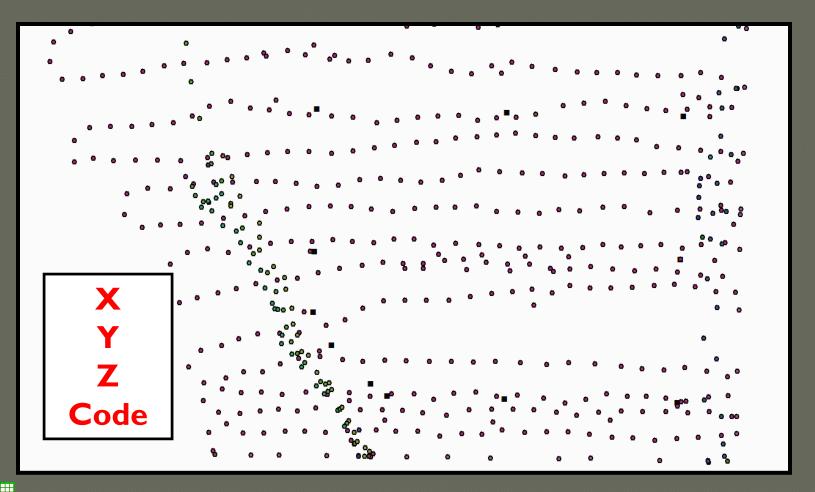
The Desired Goal in Picture Form





Developing the Original Ground Surface

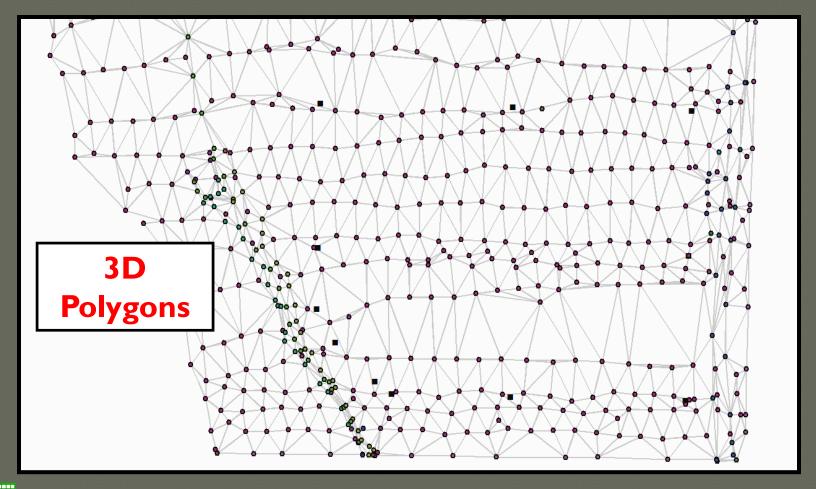
GPS Field Collected Ground Survey





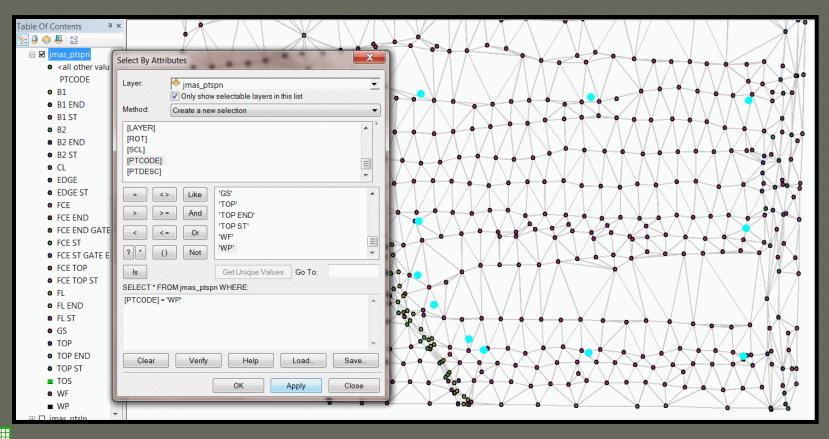
Developing the Original Ground Surface

Create the Original Ground TIN





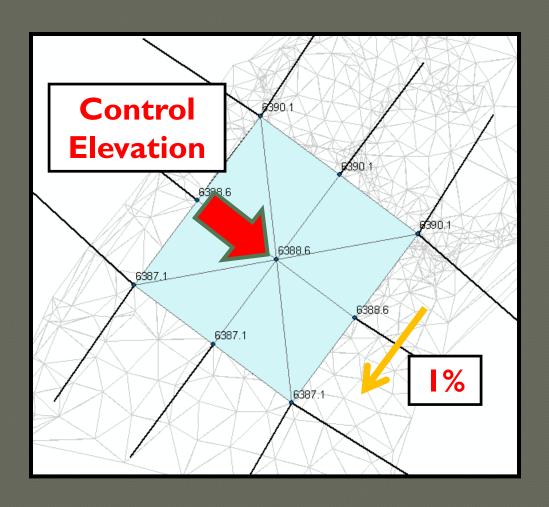
Set the Well Pad Perimeter Points From Survey Data or Interactively Entered





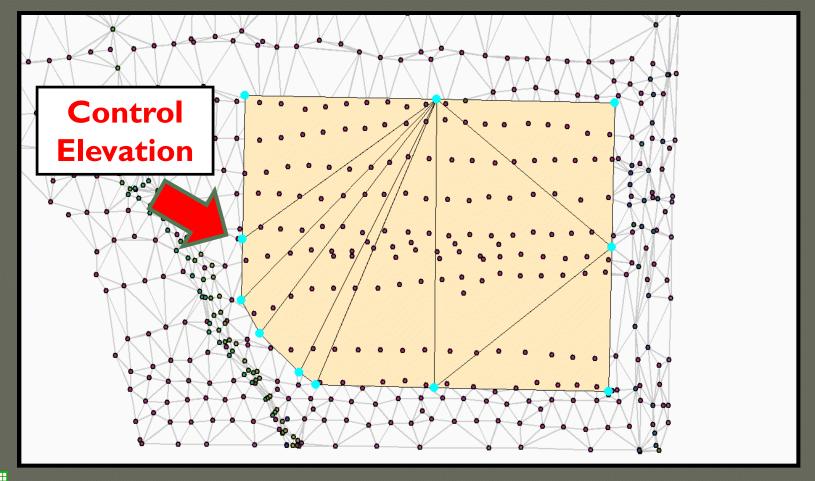
Well Pad TIN - Option | Sloped Surface

A Specific Elevation on the Well Pad Surface acts as the control point when balancing earthwork which enables the Well Pad to be sloped for drainage





Well Pad TIN - Option 2 Constant Pad Elevation

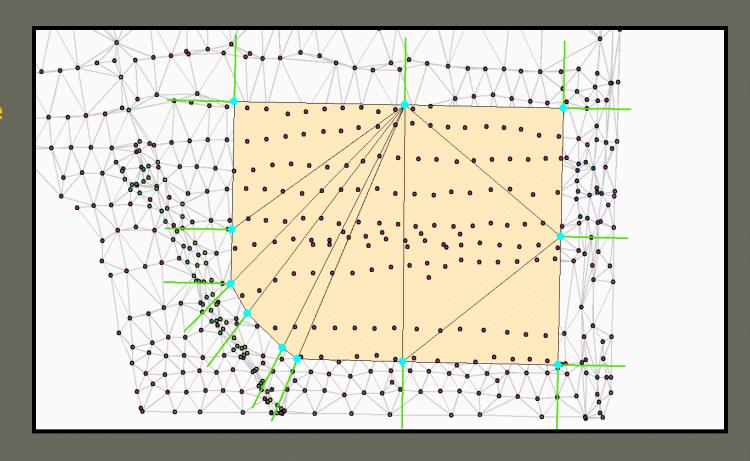




Developing the Slope Lines

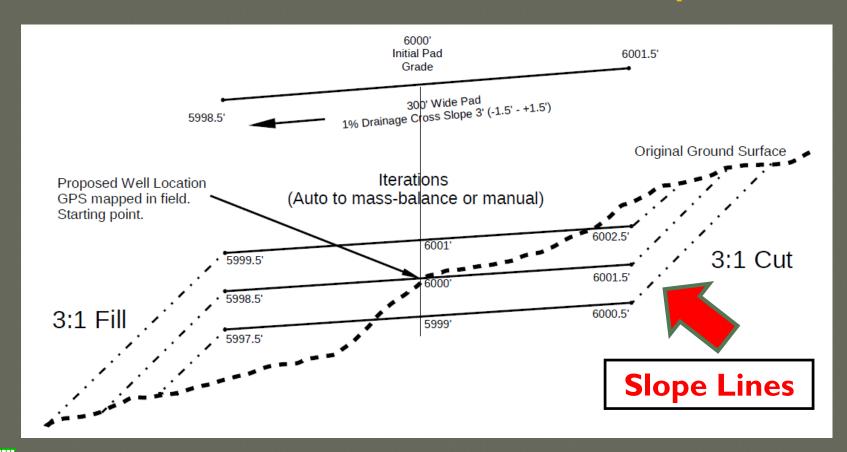
Slope Lines defined at Well Pad Perimeter Points I on 2, I on 3, I on 4, etc.

Slope
Lines tie
the Well
Pad
Surface
to the
Original
Ground
Surface



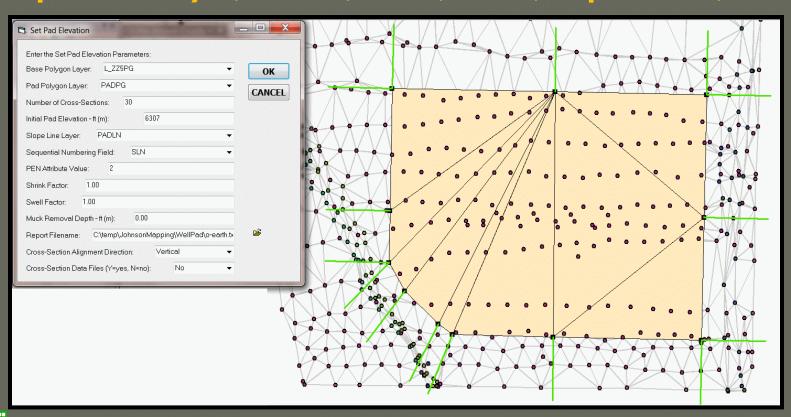


Using cross-sections, the control elevation is raised or lowered until the cut and fill values are "equal"



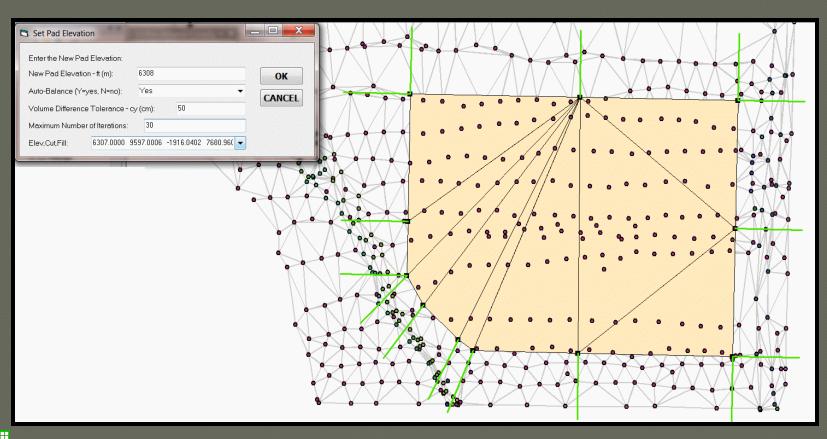


[Set Well Pad Elevation] command Base Layer, Pad Layer, Initial Pad Elevation, Slope Line Layer, Shrink, Swell, Muck, Report File, etc.





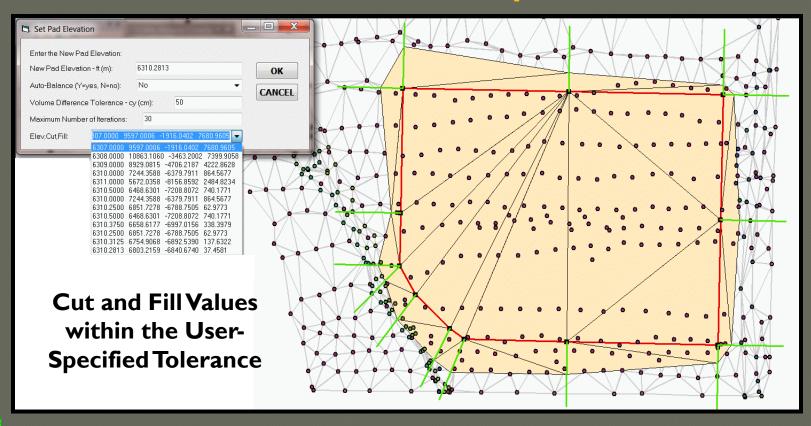
Iterative Process to balance Earthwork Within a User-Specified Tolerance





Final Computed Elevation with Polygons which tie the Pad Surface to the Original Ground Surface

Added to the Pad Layer





Earthwork Summary Table

Table contains each iteration with the Pad Elevation, Cut Volume, Fill Volume and Difference values

| o-earthTBL.txt × | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|--|
| | PAD_ELEV | CUT_VOL | FILL_VOL | DIFF | OBJECTID * | |
| • | 6307 | 9597.0006 | -1916.0402 | 7680.9605 | 1 | |
| | 6308 | 10863.106 | -3463.2002 | 7399.9058 | 2 | |
| | 6309 | 8929.0815 | -4706.2187 | 4222.8628 | 3 | |
| | 6310 | 7244.3588 | -6379.7911 | 864.5677 | 4 | |
| 100 | 6311 | 5672.0358 | -8156.8592 | 2484.8234 | 5 | |
| | 6310.5 | 6468.6301 | -7208.8072 | 740.1771 | 6 | |
| | 6310 | 7244.3588 | -6379.7911 | 864.5677 | 7 | |
| | 6310.25 | 6851.7278 | -6788.7505 | 62.9773 | 8 | |
| | 6310.5 | 6468.6301 | -7208.8072 | 740.1771 | 9 | |
| | 6310.375 | 6658.6177 | -6997.0156 | 338.3979 | 10 | |
| 900 | 6310.25 | 6851.7278 | -6788.7505 | 62.9773 | 11 | |
| | 6310.3125 | 6754.9068 | -6892.539 | 137.6322 | 12 | |
| | 6310.2813 | 6803.2159 | -6840.674 | 37.4581 | 13 | |
| o-earthTBL.txt (0 out of 13 Selected) | | | | | | |

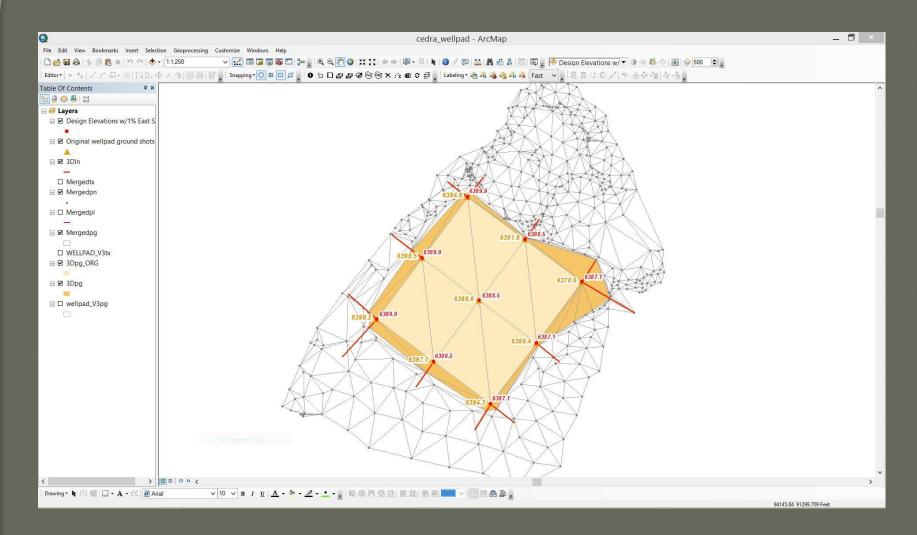


Well Pad 3D Visualization

Given an Original Ground
Surface and a Well Pad Surface
that has been tied to the
Original Ground Surface
merge the surfaces and use
ArcMap 10.3
to visualize the results

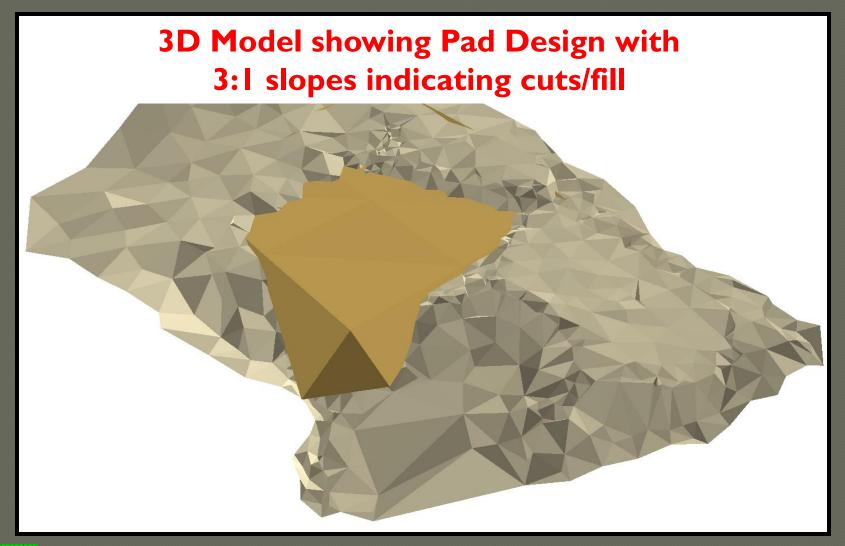


Existing Ground & Well Pad Surfaces – 2D



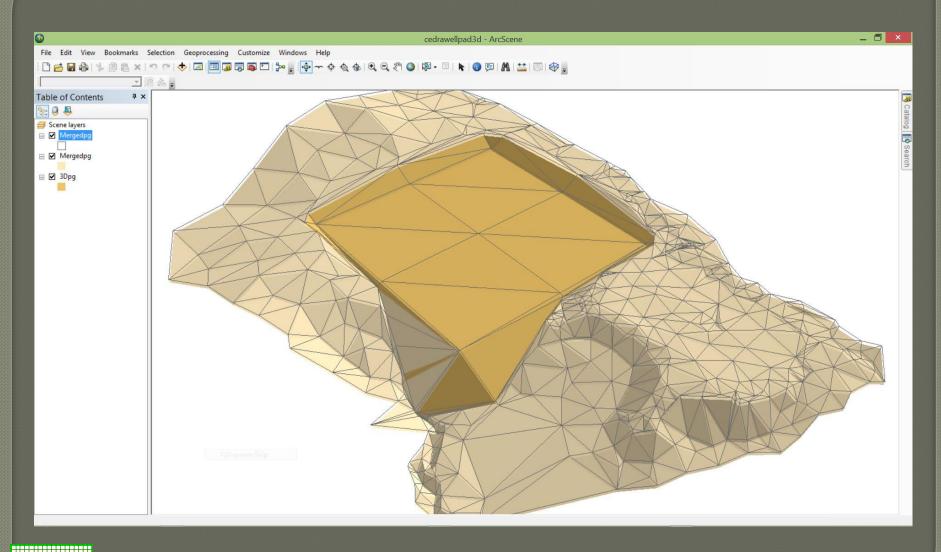


Existing Ground & Well Pad Surfaces – 3D



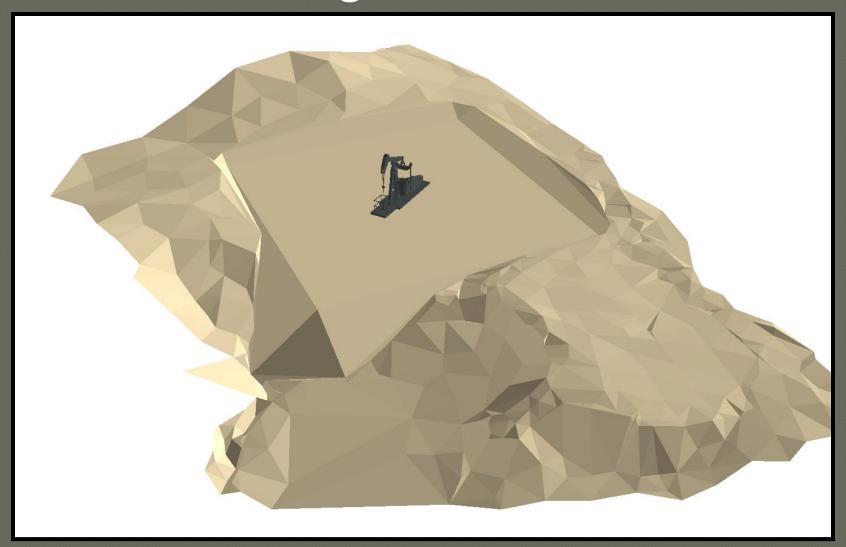


Merged Surfaces





Merged Surfaces





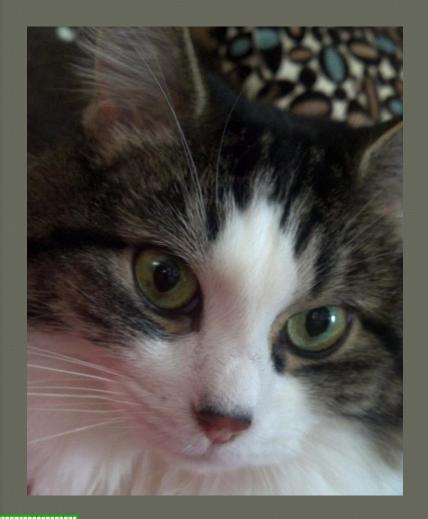
References

Dave Fosdeck

Johnson Mapping and Surveying, LLC Farmington, New Mexico



Emma asks how to perform



Routing
Heavy/Wide
Vehicles
for Safety

"Emma says this is a purr-fect application for Network Analyst"



Bachman-Turner Overdrive



"Roll on Down the Highway"

Unofficial Theme Song of Truckers

No GPS in 1974



The Routing Problem

Routing Heavy and Wide Load Vehicles differs from routing passenger vehicles

Truck characteristics need to be included in the routing process which conventional navigation systems do not take into account



Vertical Clearance Issue

Typical Trailer Height 13' to 13'-6"

New York
State
experiences
~200 bridge
strikes
annually





Vertical Clearance Issue



NYSDOT estimates 81% of bridge strikes due to trucks using noncommercial navigation systems

From 2005 – 2008 ~5,000 Bridge Strikes in the U.S.



Horizontal Turning Restrictions

Single Trailer Lengths typically 45', 48', 53'



Truck Drivers using some kind of GPS System 2007 – 11%, 2008 – 19%, 2008 – 27%, 2012 – 54%



Trailer Length Issue

Wind Turbine Blade Radius varies from 130' to 300'



59% of truckers determine their own route/directions
28% have their carrier provide route/directions
12% use combination of own and carrier
1% from special permit



Routing Solution using ArcGIS

Network Analyst

Street Centerline Dataset

Network Dataset

User Created

StreetMap Premium (TomTom, HERE)

Route Analysis Layer

Network Analysis Service (ArcGIS Server)

User Created

World Route

StreetMap Premium (TomTom, HERE)

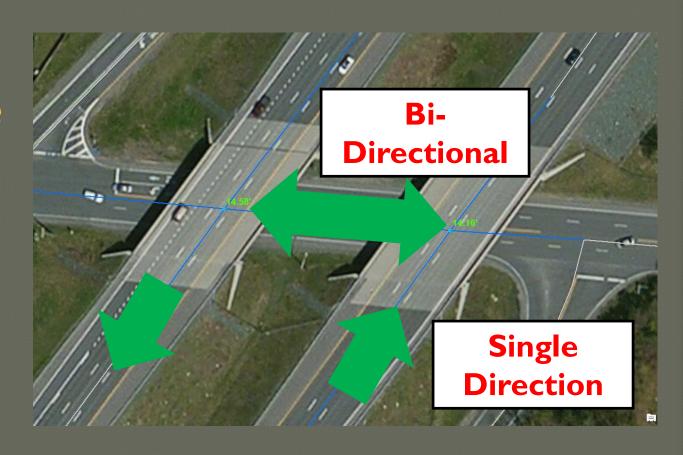


Network Datasets Elements

Junctions, Edges and Turns

How elements are connected determines the route

2D/3D





Network Dataset Attributes

Network attributes are properties of the network elements that control traversability over the network

| Λ ++ | ril | to |
|--------------|-----|----|
| HLL | | |

Height

Weight

Speed

Oneway

Truck

Toll Road

ParameterName

Height Restriction

Weight Restriction

Desired Speed

Oneway

Driving a Truck

Avoid Toll Roads

Value

0

0

0

Prohibited

Avoid_High

Prohibited



Available Network Datasets

User-Created, using any available street centerline dataset the user builds from scratch a Network Dataset.

ESRI World Route routing service, which replaces the ESRI basic routing service, and offers world-wide coverage, without the ability to account for height, weight and hazardous material restrictions.

StreetMap Premium – TomTom based, which provides worldwide coverage with the ability to account for height, weight and hazardous material restrictions.

StreetMap Premium – HERE based, which provides world-wide coverage with the ability to account for height, weight and hazardous material restrictions.



User Created Network Datasets

Advantages

Total Control of the street database

Any desired attributes can be added

Disadvantages

Very time consuming when dealing with large areas

User is responsible for obtaining:

street centerline dataset

roadway speed limits

roadway direction

roadway attributes used for directions, etc.



World Route/StreetMap Premium Network Datasets

Advantages

Mature datasets that have existed for years

Large area coverage

Ready-to-go Network Analysis Layer

Disadvantages

Inability to modify the street centerline database Annual license fee (desktop \$, server \$\$\$)



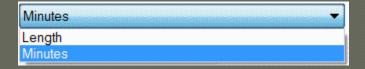
Network Datasets Comparison

| Routing | Impedances | Restrictions | Parameterized |
|---------------------|------------|--------------|---------------|
| Service | | | Restrictions |
| Sample User-Defined | 2 | 5 | 3 |
| ESRI World Route | 2 | 19 | 0 |
| StreetMap – TomTom | 8 | 32 | 6 |
| StreetMap – HERE | 5 | 32 | 8 |

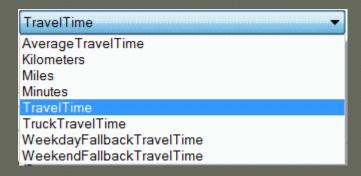
The route that is generated is based upon the settings of the Network's Impedance and Restrictions



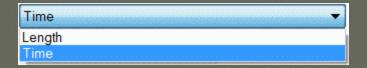
Network Datasets Impendances



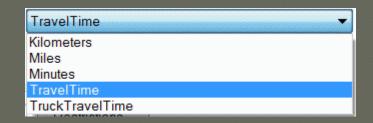
User-Defined



StreetMap Premium TomTom



ESRI World Route



StreetMap Premium
HERE



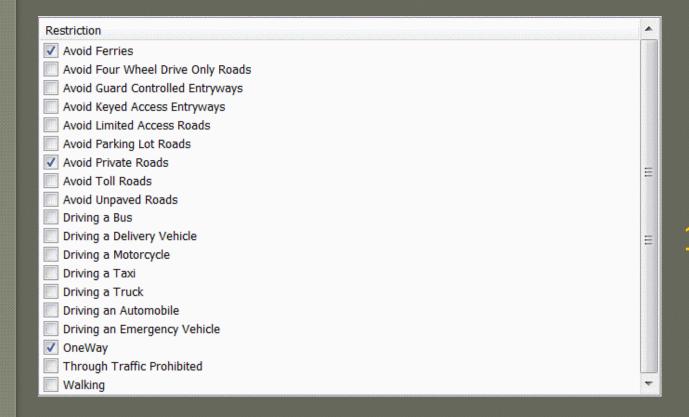
| Restriction | Preference | Value |
|-------------|----------------|----------|
| ✓ Height | Prohibited | 0.000000 |
| ▼ NoTrucks | Prohibited | |
| ✓ Oneway | Prohibited | |
| ✓ Speed | Prefer: Medium | 0.000000 |
| Weight | Prohibited | 0.000000 |

User-Defined

Creating a robust Network Dataset is a very labor intensive operation

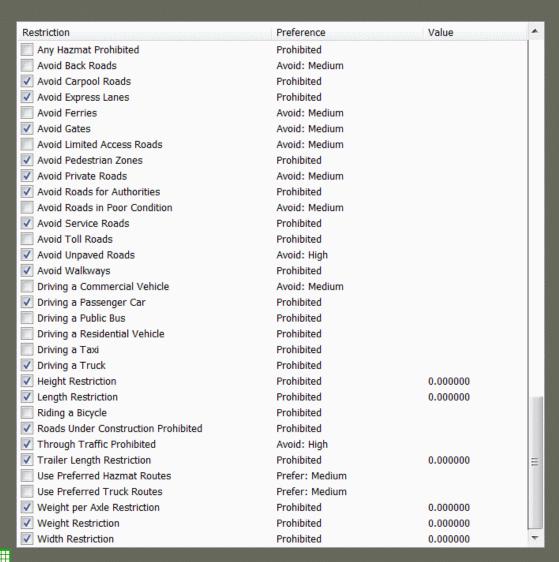
Months to Decades depending upon Coverage





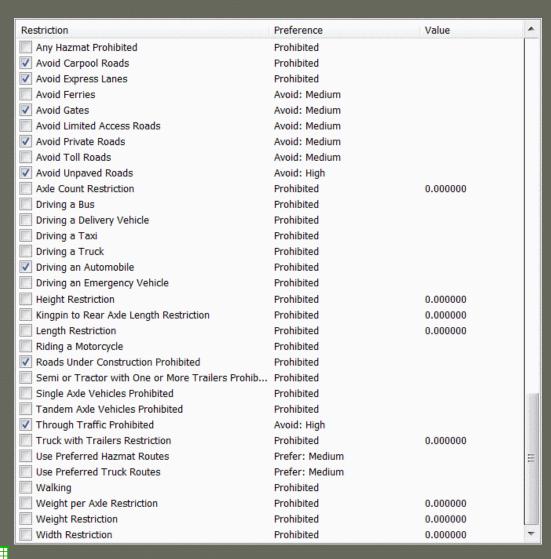
ESRI
World Route
19 Restrictions





StreetMap
Premium
TomTom
32 Restrictions
6 Parameterized

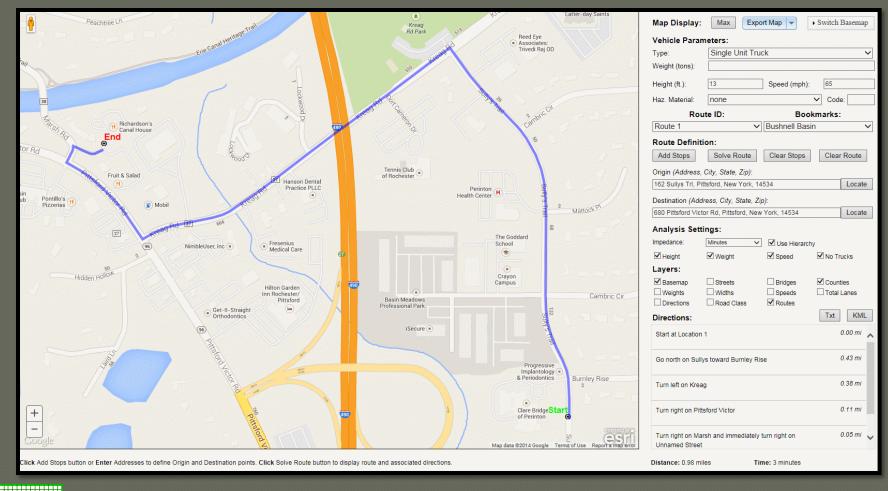




StreetMap
Premium
HERE
32 Restrictions
8 Parameterized

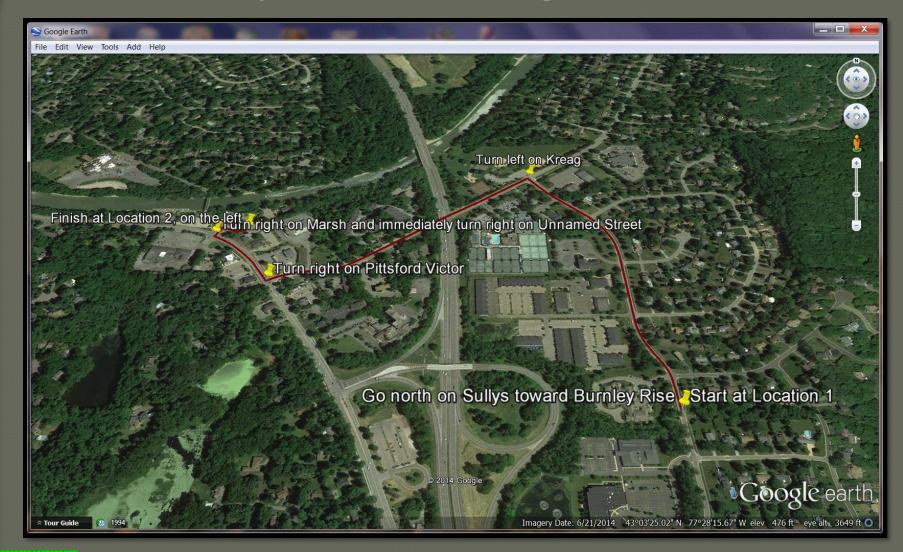


Custom Routing Application using Network Analyst and StreetMap





Route Exported to Google Earth - KML





Summary

It is possible to customize ArcGIS in a variety of manners to add specific functionality not available in native ArcGIS.

This can be a specific tool or command or a complete application.

ArcGIS provides the user-interface and database functionality for customization.



References

"Assessing the Use of Navigation Systems in the Trucking Industry", American Transportation Research Institute 2013

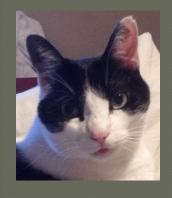
"Strikes on Low Clearance Bridges by Over-Height Trucks in New York State", City College of New York 2013 http://www.rita.dot.gov/utc/publications/spotlight/2013_01/html/spotlight_0113.html



Contact Info







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Oliver and StanLee ask
How do we get to know CEDRA





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